



FALLON NAZ

A ONE – YEAR **BIBLE READING PLAN**

June
2026



Bible Study Tools

JUNE 2026

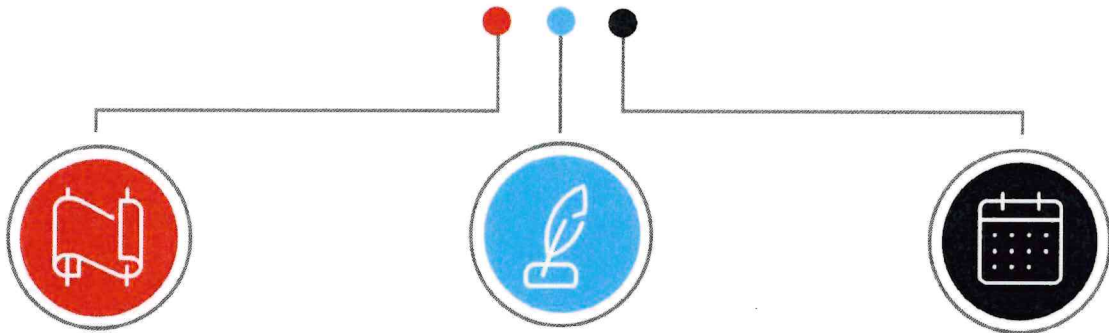
☐ 1	Mon	1 Kings 1	1 Chronicles 26-28		Rom 6
☐ 2	Tue	1 Kings 2	1 Chronicles 29		Rom 7
☐ 3	Wed	1 Kings 3	2 Chronicles 1	Psalms 42	Rom 8
☐ 4	Thu	1 Kings 4	Proverbs 1-2	Psalms 43	Rom 9
☐ 5	Fri		Proverbs 3-5		Rom 10
☐ 6	Sat	<i>Reflection</i>			
☐ 7	Sun	<i>Reflection</i>			
☐ 8	Mon		Proverbs 6-7	Psalms 7	Rom 11
☐ 9	Tue		Proverbs 8-10	Psalms 144	Rom 12
☐ 10	Wed		Proverbs 11-13	Psalms 8	Rom 13
☐ 11	Thu		Proverbs 14-15		Rom 14
☐ 12	Fri		Proverbs 16-18		Rom 15
☐ 13	Sat	<i>Reflection</i>			
☐ 14	Sun	<i>Reflection</i>			
☐ 15	Mon		Proverbs 19-21	Psalms 40	Rom 16
☐ 16	Tue		Proverbs 22-23	Psalms 117	1 Thes 1
☐ 17	Wed		Proverbs 24-25	Psalms 41	1 Thes 2
☐ 18	Thu		Proverbs 26-28		1 Thes 3
☐ 19	Fri		Proverbs 29-31		1 Thes 4
☐ 20	Sat	<i>Reflection</i>			
☐ 21	Sun	<i>Reflection</i>			
☐ 22	Mon	Song of Sol 1-3		Psalms 72	1 Thes 5
☐ 23	Tue	Song of Sol 4-6			2 Thes 1
☐ 24	Wed	Song of Sol 7-8		Psalms 127	2 Thes 2
☐ 25	Thu	1 Kings 5	2 Chronicles 2		2 Thes 3
☐ 26	Fri	1 Kings 6	2 Chronicles 3		1 Tim 1
☐ 27	Sat	<i>Reflection</i>			
☐ 28	Sun	<i>Reflection</i>			
☐ 29	Mon	1 Kings 7	2 Chronicles 4	Psalms 44	1 Tim 2
☐ 30	Tue	1 Kings 8		Psalms 30	1 Tim 3

Adapted from www.FiveDayBibleReading.com

How it Works: The Old Testament readings are placed as chronologically as possible (even the Psalms are read where they belong in Israel's history when feasible, and this is why some prophets -- notably Jeremiah -- appear to be "out of order"). The only exception is Job, probably the oldest book in the Bible, but placed at the Schedule's end because it is hard to fit elsewhere. The New Testament readings space the Gospels out throughout the year to keep the reader constantly coming back to the life and teachings of Jesus. Always do the reading in the order it appears on the Schedule. For example, if a reading from Chronicles appears before Kings, read from Chronicles first.

I KINGS

AT-A-GLANCE



O.T. BOOK #11

AUTHOR: UNKNOWN
however, the stories were written or put together in Babylon, during the Great Exile

WRITTEN: 550 BC

Covering the time period of 975-850 BC

11

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the stories of the prophet Elijah, one of the most important prophets, who appeared at the Transfiguration with Jesus and Moses in Matthew 17.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- Solomon decides which woman is the real mother of the baby.
- Solomon builds the Temple.
- Elijah confounds the prophets of the false god Baal and gets hundreds of them killed.

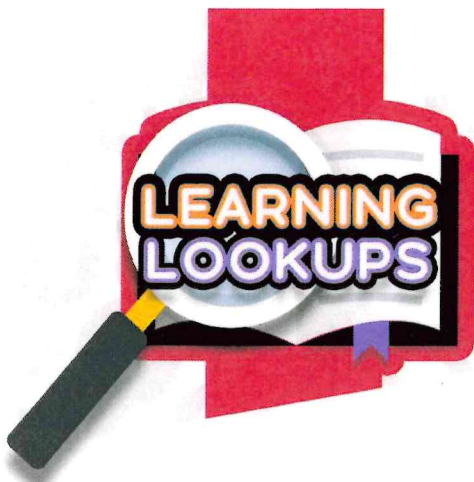
MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

And observe what the LORD your God requires: Walk in obedience to him, and keep his decrees and commands, his laws and regulations, as written in the Law of Moses. Do this so that you may prosper in all you do and wherever you go. **1 Kings 2:3.**

Now Elijah the Tishbite, from Tishbe in Gilead, said to Ahab, "As the LORD, the God of Israel, lives, whom I serve, there will be neither dew nor rain in the next few years except at my word." **1 Kings 17:1**

Important Points about the Book:

- 1 Kings continues the stories that began in 1 Samuel and continued in 2 Samuel. 1 Kings covers the reign of David's son, King Solomon, known as the wisest and wealthiest man alive.
- The death of King Solomon occurs in Chapter 11.
- In Chapter 12, Solomon's son Rehoboam causes an uproar when he increases taxes instead of decreasing them, according to the request of the people via the elders. The kingdom splits into two and remains two kingdoms until the Babylonian invasion and exile, beginning in 586 BC
- The story of Elijah and the prophets of Baal is in 1 Kings 18. However most of 1 Kings after the split in the kingdom are snippets of each of the kings. They include the kings of Israel and the kings of Judah. Each snippet says whether that king did good or evil in the eyes of the Lord. Most did evil!



BOOKS OF THE OLD TESTAMENT

1 & 2 KINGS

First Kings continues the stories of Samuel 1 and 2. First Kings covers the reign of David's son, King Solomon, known as the wisest and wealthiest man alive. It contains the stories of the important prophet Elijah, who appeared at the Transfiguration with Jesus 800 years later. Second Kings covers the reigns of many kings of Israel and Judah, good and evil. It ends with the Babylonian invasion of Judah and the end of the line of kings.

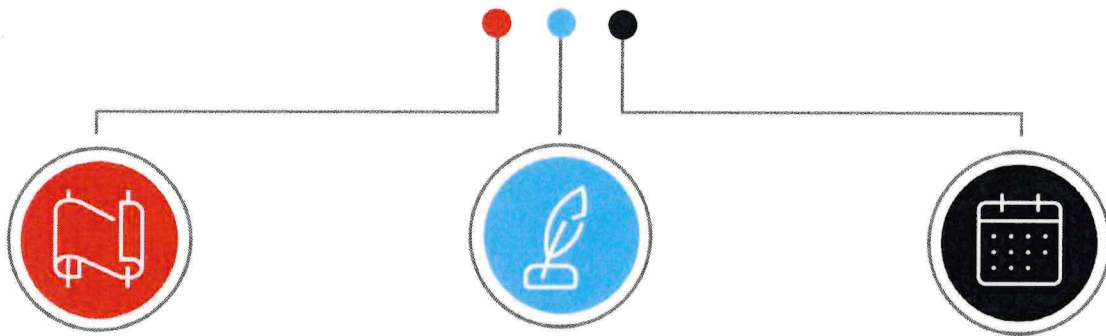
1. **Solomon had more wisdom than people from the east or from this country.** (1 Kings 4:30)
2. **This prophet asked God to light a fire on a totally drenched altar.** (1 Kings 18:36-37)
3. **This is what the evil King Ahab called Elijah, just before Elijah performed a great miracle and called off a three-year famine and drought.** (1 Kings 18:16-18)
4. **This place is where the prophet Elijah asked God to perform the miracle of lighting the drenched altar.** (1 Kings 18:19)
5. **This is the place where the prophet Elijah killed hundreds of false prophets of Baal.** (1 Kings 18:40)
6. **This man is recorded as one of the worst kings of Israel because he inspired almost all the kings that followed him to worship idols.** (1 Kings 13:33)
7. **This evil mother destroyed her whole family so she could be queen.** (2 Kings 11:1-3)
8. **This evil king was one of two who sacrificed their children to a false god.** (2 Kings 16:1-4)
9. **This prophet watched his best friend be taken away before dying.** (2 Kings 2:11-12)

Choose from:

Ahaz Athaliah Egypt Elijah Elisha Jeroboam
Kishon Valley Mount Carmel troubler of Israel

SONG OF SOLOMON

AT-A-GLANCE



O.T. BOOK #22

AUTHOR: SOLOMON

WRITTEN: 940-931 BC

The book is meant to be enjoyed by romantic lovers of any era.

22

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: *Song of Solomon* is considered the romantic book of the Bible for people in love. It was written as one continuing poem.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Strengthen me with raisins, refresh me with apples, for I am faint with love. *Song of Solomon 2:5*

Dark am I, yet lovely, daughters of Jerusalem, dark like the tents of Kedar, like the tent curtains of Solomon. *Song of Solomon 1:5*

Important Points about the Book:

- We live in a world where sexual relations have often been spoken of as dangerous and sinful. Much of the Bible speaks of the dangers of falling in love with the wrong person or becoming sexually engaged with the wrong person. Stories from Samson and Delilah to the adulterous woman charged in front of Jesus can be jarring in their warnings.
- Therefore, Solomon's poetry helps to balance out with reminders that romantic passion is a great thing. Solomon began the book with the two lovers in courtship. They express how much they long for affection and how they love each other. Eventually, they come together in marriage, the groom extolling his bride's beauty. Finally, she struggles with the idea of desertion, while the man promises always to be faithful. All of this expresses the goodness of love and marriage.
- Some say the book also reflects the feelings of Christ and his love for his bride, which is the church.



BOOKS OF THE OLD TESTAMENT

ECCLESIASTES & SONG OF SOLOMON

Ecclesiastes is the thoughts of King Solomon. It shows his great wisdom in essay format, as opposed to short rhyming verses like the Proverbs. Solomon was wealthy, wise, and successful in all of his dealings, including building the first temple for God. However, he shared an emptiness in Ecclesiastes that comes from not conversing with God enough to have a strong relationship with him.

Song of Solomon is considered the romantic book of the Bible for people in love. It was written as one continuing poem. Some say the book also reflects the feelings of Christ and his love for his bride, which is the

1. **This most popular quote from Ecclesiastes declares that there is a time for this.** (*Ecclesiastes 3:1*)
2. **Solomon names this as the most important duty in life along with keeping God's commandments.** (*Ecclesiastes 12:13*)
3. **This passage tells us why understanding history is so important. It names something that does not exist under the sun.** (*Ecclesiastes 1:9*)
4. **It's important to begin reflecting on God at this point in your life to avoid problems later.** (*Ecclesiastes 12:1*)
5. **This passage emphasizes the importance of thinking things through before responding. Waiting to speak until the end of a matter is better than speaking here.** (*Ecclesiastes 7:8*)
6. **"Faint with love" was first coined in this famous verse! In this case, the person in love wanted to strengthen herself with fruit: apples and these.** (*Song of Solomon 2:5*)
7. **Wise men were often compared to strong trees in Bible times. The woman likened her lover to this sort of tree.** (*Song of Solomon 2:3*)
8. **Some people use this verse to infer that Solomon was black or dark-skinned. It describes him using this adjective.** (*Song of Solomon 1:5*)

Choose from:

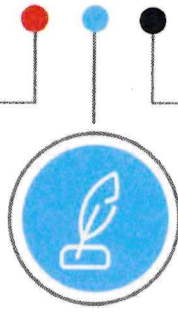
dark everything beginning anything new apple
beginning fear God raisins youth

I CHRONICLES

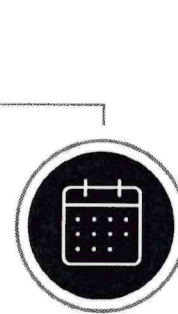
AT-A-GLANCE



O.T. BOOK #13



AUTHOR: UNKNOWN
though it may have been Ezra,
a scribe and scholar.



WRITTEN: 450 BC

Covering the time period of 4000 BC to 975 BC

13

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Covers the first half of the entire history of Israel.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- God tells David not to build a temple for him because he had shed blood as a warrior.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

In another battle with the Philistines, Elhanan son of Jair killed Lahmi the brother of Goliath the Gittite, who had a spear with a shaft like a weaver's rod. In still another battle, which took place at Gath, there was a huge man with six fingers on each hand and six toes on each foot—twenty-four in all. He also was descended from Rapha. When he taunted Israel, Jonathan son of Shimea, David's brother, killed him. **1 Chronicles 20:5-7**

David said to Solomon: "My son, I had it in my heart to build a house for the Name of the Lord my God. But this word of the Lord came to me: 'You have shed much blood and have fought many wars. You are not to build a house for my Name, because you have shed much blood on the earth in my sight.' **1 Chronicles 22:7-8**

Important Points about the Book:

- Originally, the Chronicles were one combined book, not 1 and 2 Chronicles. The purpose of it was to present an entire history of Israel. 1 Chronicles gives the history from Adam through King David.
- The book repeats some famous Bible stories from other books. It gives a different perspective at times, the same as the gospels give different looks at the same stories. It also adds some detail not found in other books, including more deaths of giants related to Goliath.
- There are many lists in Chronicles, including genealogies and laws.
- It ends with Chapter 28, David having given the job of building the temple from plans he created to his son Solomon, soon to be king.

II CHRONICLES

AT-A-GLANCE



O.T. BOOK #14



AUTHOR: UNKNOWN
though the scribe Ezra has been cited as a possible candidate.



WRITTEN: AROUND 340 BC

Covering the time period of 975 BC through 525 BC

14

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the history of King Solomon finishing the temple.

FAMOUS STORIES INCLUDED:

- Solomon prays to God for wisdom instead of long life, power, or money, so he is given all.
- The Queen of Sheba visits Solomon.
- King Cyrus of Persia rebuilds the temple after releasing Israel from the Great Exile to Babylon.

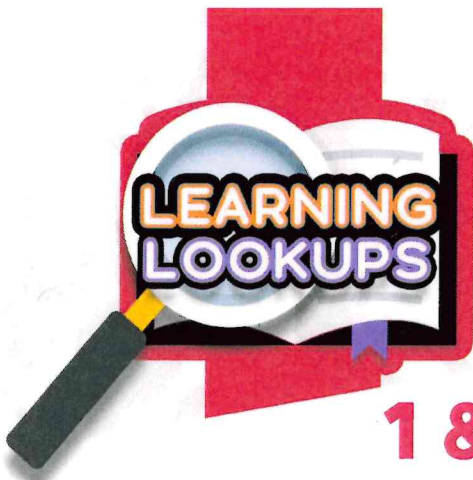
MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

If my people, who are called by my name, will humble themselves and pray and seek my face and turn from their wicked ways, then I will hear from heaven, and I will forgive their sin and will heal their land. **2 Chronicles 7:14**

God said to Solomon, "Since this is your heart's desire and you have not asked for wealth, possessions or honor, nor for the death of your enemies, and since you have not asked for a long life but for wisdom and knowledge to govern my people over whom I have made you king, I therefore wisdom and knowledge will be given you. And I will also give you wealth, possessions and honor, such as no king who was before you ever had and none after you will have." **2 Chronicles 1:11-12**

Important Points about the Book:

- 2 Chronicles starts with the famous story of Solomon asking for wisdom. It continues with information and stories about Solomon building the Temple through Chapter 8.
- The Queen of Sheba visits Solomon in Chapter 9.
- 2 Chronicles covers the reigns of all the kings of Israel and Judah after the split of the united kingdom of Kings Saul, David, and Solomon.
- Like the Kings, this book gives little snippets about each king and notes whether they grieved or pleased the Lord. (Only a handful, all from Judah, pleased the Lord.)
- The closing chapter, 36, summarizes the 70 years of captivity in the Great Exile and also summarizes Cyrus, King of Persia, releasing the Jews to go home and his funding of the rebuilding of the Temple.



BOOKS OF THE OLD TESTAMENT

1 & 2 CHRONICLES

Originally, the Chronicles were one combined book, not 1 and 2 Chronicles. The purpose of it was to present an entire history of Israel, starting with Adam. First Chronicles gives the history from Adam through King David. Second Chronicles covers the reign of King Solomon plus all the kings of Israel and Judah after the split of the united kingdom. Like the Kings, 2 Chronicles gives little snippets about each king and notes whether they grieved or pleased the Lord. (Only a handful, all from Judah, pleased the Lord.)

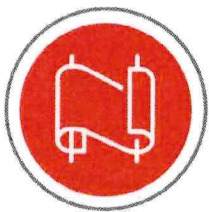
1. **David shared with his son Solomon that he had been told by God not to build the temple. The reason was that he had done too much of this.** (*1 Chronicles 22:7-8*)
2. **Goliath the giant was killed by David. Later another soldier killed one of Goliath's brothers. The soldier's name was this.** (*1 Chronicles 20:5*).
3. **David's older brother Jonathan killed another giant who had one of the trademarks of giants, which was this.** (*1 Chronicles 20:6-7*)
4. **God's first temple was eventually built by this king.** (*2 Chronicles 3:1-2*)
5. **In King Solomon's famous prayer before becoming king, he impressed God by asking for this, instead of riches, power, or long life.** (*2 Chronicles 1:10*)
6. **This queen, still famous today, went to visit Solomon during his reign.** (*2 Chronicles 9:1-2*)
7. **This evil king sacrificed at least two of his children to false gods and practiced witchcraft.** (*2 Chronicles 33:1-6*)
8. **This king built up Israel's security and destroyed false idols.** (*2 Chronicles 17:1-6*)

Choose from:

Elhanan Jehoshaphat Manasseh of Sheba shed blood
six fingers & toes Solomon wisdom

PROVERBS

AT-A-GLANCE



O.T. BOOK #20



AUTHOR: SOLOMON

is the primary author with others contributing



WRITTEN: 970-675 BC

Like Psalms, Proverbs was written for all eras to enjoy and was meant to be timeless.

20

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Is called “the wisdom book,” and is searched as much today as ever for wisdom and guidance in all sorts of dealings.

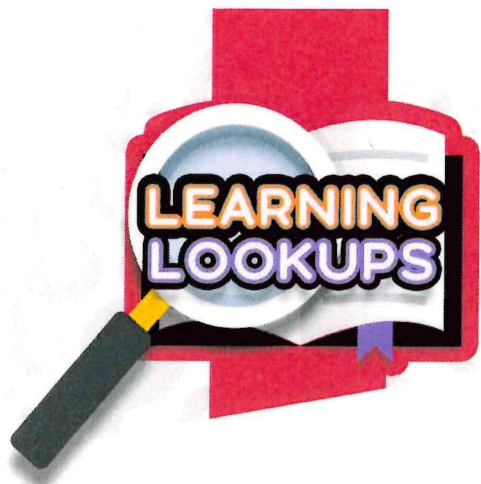
MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Trust in the LORD with all your heart and lean not on your own understanding. **Proverbs 3:5**

A wife of noble character who can find? She is worth far more than rubies. **Proverbs 31:10**

Important Points about the Book:

- Proverbs is known for its short instructions for living an effective life on earth. It contains no stories or theology, as many other Old Testament books do. It simply states wisdom for all to enjoy and use.
- Two strong principles emphasized in Proverbs include listening to those who have gone before us, such as parents, teachers, and older people in general. The other principle is having humility. We are encouraged not to speak rashly or without seeing the consequences of our acting arrogant.



BOOKS OF THE OLD TESTAMENT

PROVERBS

Proverbs is called “the wisdom book.” It is searched as much today as ever for wisdom and guidance in all sorts of dealings. Proverbs is known for its short instructions for living an effective life on earth. It contains no stories or theology as many other Old Testament books do. It simply states wisdom for all to enjoy and use.

1. **The most quoted Proverb of this decade contains instructions for us to trust in the Lord and not to rely on this solely.**

(Proverbs 3:5)

2. **This feeling toward God is the beginning of true knowledge.**

(Proverbs 1:7)

3. **Everything you do flows from this part of you, so guard it.**

(Proverbs 4:23)

4. **This Proverb compares friends to this type of substance.**

(Proverbs 27:17)

5. **Pride is generally followed by this, so don't be haughty.**

(Proverbs 16:18)

6. **This Proverb states that a certain response to anger can stop a fight.** *(Proverbs 15:1)*

7. **We are supposed to honor the Lord with this, also known in Bible times as “the first fruits of all your crops.”**

(Proverbs 3:9)

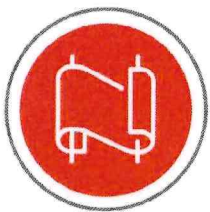
8. **The tongue has the power of these two things, so don't speak foolishly.** *(Proverbs 18:21)*

Choose from:

destruction fear gentle answer heart iron
life and death understanding wealth

PSALMS

AT-A-GLANCE

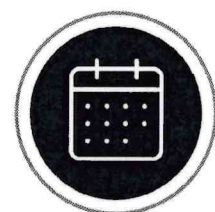


O.T. BOOK #19



AUTHOR: MANY:

King David was the strongest contributor.



WRITTEN: 1400-450 BC

Psalms is written for all eras to enjoy and was meant to be timeless.

19

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Of the 150 Psalms, over half were written by King David

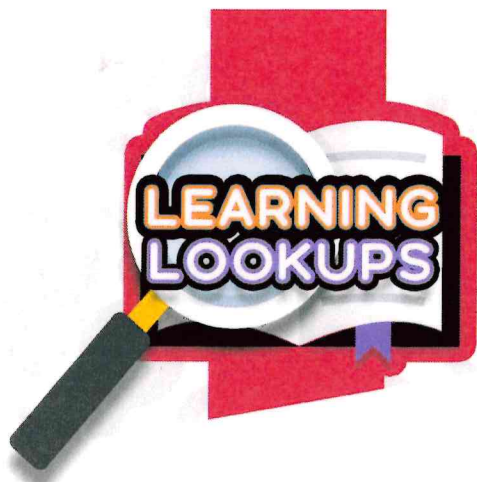
MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Yeah, though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, I will fear no evil; for thou art with me. ***Psalms 23:4***

Take delight in the LORD and he will give you the desires of your heart. ***Psalms 37:4***

Important Points about the Book:

- Psalms are poetry, generally meant to be put to music, though the translations out of their original and beautiful language often makes that hard today.
- Individual psalms were written as early as Moses' time, around 1450 BC. More were added through the time of David and Solomon around 1000 BC. Additions continued after the Babylonian captivity around 500 BC. That means the writing spanned nearly 1,000 years.
- The Psalms have always been quite popular because they apply to every time and every person. Psalms of sorrow, psalms of praise, prophetic psalms, and words of encouragement still make this one of the most popular books in the Bible.



BOOKS OF THE OLD TESTAMENT

PSALMS

Of the 150 Psalms, over half were written by King David. Individual psalms were written as early as Moses' time, around 1450 BC. More were added through the time of David and Solomon around 1000 BC. Additions continued after the Babylonian captivity around 500 BC. That means the writing spanned nearly 1,000 years. They have always been quite popular because they apply to every time and every person.

1. The current most popular Psalm in the Bible speaks of God's word being this. (*Psalms 119:105*)
2. To refute skeptics who say they've never seen God, people read this Psalm verse, which says God is evident in this beautiful sight. (*Psalms 19:1*)
3. This very first verse of the Psalms declares that we are blessed if we don't walk in step with the wicked, or stand in the way that sinners take, or sit in the company of these types of people. (*Psalms 1:1*)
4. This Psalm is often used in defense of a pro-life political stance. It states that God has known you since you were in this. (*Psalms 139:13*)
5. This Psalm declares that if you delight yourself in God, he will give you desires that exist here (*Psalms 37:4*)
6. People often refer to this Psalm when they have to wait for things and become impatient. It tells you to do this, while knowing God is at work. (*Psalms 46:10*)
7. Written by King David, this most famous Psalm features the lines, "the Lord is my shepherd, I shall not..." Finish this famous line. (*Psalms 23:1*)
8. People recite this Psalm by King David when they have done something for which they feel a lot of guilt. It encourages God to create this in us. (*Psalms 51:10*)

Choose from:

be still heart lamp mockers pure heart
sky want womb

ROMANS

AT-A-GLANCE



N.T. BOOK #6



AUTHOR: APOSTLE PAUL



WRITTEN: 56 AD

Old Testament: 39 Books

6

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Contains the most popular and famed salvation scriptures of any epistle.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

- Paul was writing to Christians living in Rome. Nero was emperor. He did very mean things to Christians, but he hadn't started yet. It was a time of peace. However, Paul knew he was writing to city people who can be really different from each other. Tough sailors, well-traveled tradesmen, wealthy former idolaters, and slaves were all part of the new church in Rome. He wanted them to see their likeness in Christ with statements like, "All have sinned. All fall short of the glory of God." **Romans 3:23**

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

If you declare with your mouth, "Jesus is Lord," and believe in your heart that God raised him from the dead, you will be saved. **Romans 10:9**

For the wages of sin is death, but the gift of God is eternal life in Christ Jesus our Lord. **Romans 6:23**

Important Points about the Book:

- In Chapters 1-8, Paul explains the foundations of the Christian faith. This is why the book is quoted so often in salvation messages.
- In Chapters 9-11, he explains how people can receive a relationship with God
- In chapters 12-16, Paul explains how to use this information to live a godly life.

ROMANS

Paul was writing to Christians living in Rome. He knew he was writing to city people who could be very different from each other. Tough sailors, well-traveled tradesmen, wealthy former idolaters, and slaves were all part of the new church in Rome. He wanted them to see their likeness in Christ. This book is known as the best for understanding the basic truths of salvation.

At the time of this writing, around 56 AD, the emperor Nero had not yet started to persecute Christians. It was considered a time of relative peace.

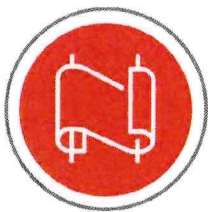
1. **In this famous passage, Paul tells us that we have all sinned and fall short of this attribute.** (*Romans 3:23*)
2. **When you declare Jesus as Lord and believe in his power, God will do this.** (*Romans 10:9*)
3. **"The wages of sin is death," but the gift from God is this.** (*Romans 6:23*)
4. **We can have confidence that even bad things will work out in this way if we have Christ as savior.** (*Romans 8:28*)
5. **We should live our lives for God by offering our bodies as these.** (*Romans 12:1*)
6. **Good men might die to save other good men. But Christ died for these people to show God's love for all.** (*Romans 5:8*)
7. **Do not to conform to the ways of the world but have Christ do this instead.** (*Romans 12:2*)

Choose from:

Sinners Eternal life For our good Glory of God Living sacrifices
Renew your mind Save you

1 THESSALONIANS

AT-A-GLANCE



N.T. BOOK #13



AUTHOR: APOSTLE PAUL



WRITTEN: 51 AD

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

13

CLAIMS TO FAME: Famous for a verse that talks about Christians meeting Jesus in the sky.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

- Paul spent around three months in Thessalonica when it was a small and new church. He wanted to check up on their faith, fearing that false teachers might have infiltrated their number. He sent back Timothy, who gave a surprisingly good report. That prompted Paul to write 1 Thessalonians as a letter of encouragement.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Give thanks in all circumstances; for this is God's will for you in Christ Jesus. **1 Thessalonians 5:18**

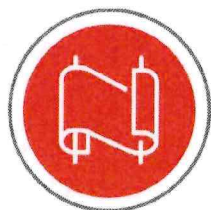
So then, let us not be like others, who are asleep, but let us be awake and sober. **1 Thessalonians 5:6**

Important Points about the Book:

- Paul uses this book to encourage the church in their pursuit of holiness, diligence, love, and hope. He tells them to walk in the light and makes many mentions of the Second Coming of Jesus.
- One passage, Christians look at a lot today. 1 Thessalonians 4:16 states, "For the Lord himself will come down from heaven, with a loud command, with the voice of the archangel and with the trumpet call of God, and the dead in Christ will rise first." Many Christians hope they are the ones who will get to meet Jesus in the sky. Some feel it will happen before a great period of tribulation. Others feel it is as the Second Coming.

II THESSALONIANS

AT-A-GLANCE



N.T. BOOK #14



AUTHOR: APOSTLE PAUL



WRITTEN: 51-52 AD

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

14

CLAIMS TO FAME: One of a few epistles focusing on the end times.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

- Paul wrote this letter to speak to the people again about the coming return of Jesus Christ. Some of the believers in that church thought that Jesus had already returned. The letter was penned to correct any misunderstandings.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

He called you to this through our gospel, that you might share in the glory of our Lord Jesus Christ. **2 Thessalonians 2:14.**

On the day he comes to be glorified in his holy people and to be marveled at among all those who have believed. This includes you, because you believed our testimony to you.
2 Thessalonians 1:10

Important Points about the Book:

- In an effort to clear up a misunderstanding that Jesus will be returning immediately or had already returned, Paul explains that the church members should be steadfast in their holiness so that they will be ready when Jesus does come.
- In Chapters 2-3 of this short book, he gives details about Jesus' Second Coming, including some information about the Antichrist, whom he says will come first.

1 & 2 THESSALONIANS

Paul spent around three months in Thessalonica when it was a small, new church. He wanted to check up on their faith, fearing that false teachers might have infiltrated their members. He sent back Timothy, who gave a surprisingly good report. That prompted Paul to write 1 Thessalonians as a letter of encouragement.

In 2 Thessalonians, Paul spoke to the people again about the coming return of Jesus Christ, as some there thought that Jesus had already returned. The letter was to correct any misunderstandings.

The letters were written in the same year or a year apart, somewhere around 51 AD.

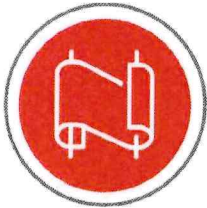
- Paul explains that we do not have to be upset about these people, even though the world is very upset about them.**
(1 Thessalonians 4:13)
- Thessalonians is famous for a passage about the Second Coming. It states that these people shall rise first to meet Christ** (1 Thessalonians 4:16)
- Paul says that we should give thanks in all of these.**
(1 Thessalonians 5:18)
- The verse states that we should encourage each other and also do this.** (1 Thessalonians 5:11)
- This verse explains that whoever rejects Paul's or the Bible's instructions rejects this being also.** (1 Thessalonians 4:8)
- Paul says he is proud of the church of Thessalonica for this trait, which we should all try to have. It means to not give up.** (2 Thessalonians 1:4)
- Paul prays that the Lord will direct our hearts into this trait of God's, along with Christ's perseverance.**
(2 Thessalonians 3:5)
- Paul prays that the church will have this virtue at all times and in every way.** (2 Thessalonians 3:16)

Choose from:

Build each other up Circumstances God Love Peace
Perseverance Those who have died The dead in Christ

1 TIMOTHY

AT-A-GLANCE



N.T. BOOK #15



AUTHOR: APOSTLE PAUL



WRITTEN: 62-64 AD

Old Testament: 39 Books

New Testament: 27 Books

CLAIMS TO FAME: Famous for giving instructions for church leadership.

PROBLEMS OR ISSUES THIS BOOK IS ADDRESSING:

- The letter was addressed to Paul's young disciple Timothy, who may have been experiencing some burnout as most pastors do at times. Paul is encouraging him and advising him.

MOST FAMOUS VERSES:

Don't let anyone look down on you because you are young, but set an example for the believers in speech, in conduct, in love, in faith and in purity. **1 Timothy 4:12**

For the love of money is a root of all kinds of evil. Some people, eager for money, have wandered from the faith and pierced themselves with many griefs. **1 Timothy 6:10**

Important Points about the Book:

- Paul begins 1 Timothy by encouraging him to fight the good fight and not to let his young age be a hindrance.
- He then gives instructions for Timothy about leadership and managing all of the different situations he will encounter in the church community. These passages have been used over the centuries to train people in church leadership.

1 & 2 TIMOTHY

Both letters were addressed to Paul's young disciple Timothy and were written by Apostle Paul. Timothy may have been experiencing some burnout, as many pastors do at times. That inspired the first letter as an encouragement.

The very serious tone of the second letter inspires us to believe it was near the end of Paul's life. Paul knew that his work was nearly done. He was arrested by the Roman Emperor Nero during the time when Nero was persecuting Christians in violent ways. Nero eventually had Paul decapitated.

The letters were written about three years apart, in the early- to mid-60s AD.

1. **A mediator is a person who sits among two or more people and makes sure they understand each other. Paul tells Timothy that our mediator with God is this person.**
(1 Timothy 2:5)
2. **Apostle Paul explains that some will abandon the faith because of these forces.** (1 Timothy 4:1)
3. **Paul says not to let anyone look down on you because you are this.** (1 Timothy 4:12)
4. **Paul describes himself as the worst of this type of person because he wanted to help kill Christians before his conversion.** (1 Timothy 1:15)
5. **Some people say that money is evil. Apostle Paul doesn't say that. He says that, rather, this is evil.** (1 Timothy 6:10)
6. **Nearing his death sentence, Paul shows his love for Timothy when he calls him his...** (2 Timothy 1:2)
7. **Paul encourages the church members to correct and rebuke each other with this type of learning.** (2 Timothy 4:2)
8. **Paul states that the Spirit should not make us timid but give us this spiritual gift.** (2 Timothy 1:7)

Choose from:

Careful instruction Dear son Deceiving spirits Jesus
Power Sinner The love of money Young

BOOKS OF THE BIBLE

OLD TESTAMENT

PENTATEUCH		HISTORY		POETRY		MAJOR PROPHETS		MINOR PROPHETS	
Ge GENESIS Moses 1430 BC	Ex EXODUS Moses 1400 BC	Lv LEVITICUS Moses 1445 BC	Nu NUMBERS Moses 1400 BC	Dt DEUTERONOMY Moses 1400 BC	Jb JOB Unknown 1900 BC	Is ISAIAH Isaiah 700-680 BC	Je JEREMIAH Jeremiah 585-570 BC	Ho HOSEA Hosea 750-710 BC	Zp ZEPHANIAH Zephaniah 635-625 BC
Ju JUDGES Samuel 1050 BC	Ru RUTH Samuel 1050-1000 BC	Sa 1 SAMUEL Samuel 900 BC	Sa 2 SAMUEL Samuel 900 BC	Er EZRA Ezra 450 BC	Ps PSALMS Multiple Contributors 1400-450 BC	La LAMENTATIONS Jeremiah 585 BC	Am AMOS Amos 750 BC	Jo JOEL Joel UNKNOWN BC	Hg HAGGAI Haggai 526 BC
Ne NEHEMIAH Nehemiah 425-400 BC	Es ESTHER Unknown 450 BC	Ec ECCLESIASTES Solomon 940-931 BC	Ss SONG OF SONGS Solomon 970-950 BC	Da DANIEL Daniel 536-530 BC	Pr PROVERBS Solomon 970-675 BC	Ez EZEKIEL Ezekiel 590-570 BC	Ob OBADIAH Obadiah UNKNOWN BC	Ma MALACHI Malachi 433-424 BC	Zc ZECHARIAH Zechariah 520-484 BC
Ki 1 KINGS Unknown 550 BC	Ki 2 KINGS Unknown 550 BC								

NEW TESTAMENT

GOSPELS		ACTS		PAULS LETTERS		GENERAL LETTERS		PROPHECY	
Mt MATTHEW Matthew AD 60-65	Mk MARK John Mark AD 50-60	Lk LUKE Luke AD 60-61	Jn JOHN John AD 80-90	Ac ACTS Luke AD 62	Ph PHILIPPIANS Paul AD 60-62	Th 1 THESSALONIANS Paul AD 51	Th 2 THESSALONIANS Paul AD 51-52	Ti 1 TIMOTHY Paul AD 62-64	Ti 2 TIMOTHY Paul AD 64-67
Co 1 CORINTHIANS Paul AD 55	Co 2 CORINTHIANS Paul AD 55-56	Ga GALATIANS Paul AD 49-50	Ep EPHESIANS Paul AD 60-62	Pl PHILEMON Paul AD 60 or 61	Ja JAMES James AD 44-49	Pe 1 PETER Peter AD 64	Pe 2 PETER Peter AD 67	Jn 1 JOHN John AD 90-95	Jn 2 JOHN John AD 90-95
Re REVELATION John AD 90-95					He HEBREWS Unknown AD 67-69	Na NAHUM Nahum AD 650	Ha HABAKKUK Habakkuk AD 640		

Date Written	Book Abbreviation	Book Title	Author